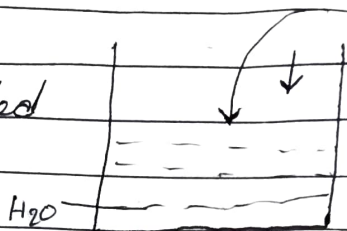


BROWNIAN MOTION

A very small particle immersed in a liquid exhibits random type of motion known as Brownian motion

* Let a particle be suspended in a liquid

$$F = F_{em} + F_{ex}$$



i) Viscous drag - $6\pi\eta r v$

on the particle moving with velocity v

ii) Force due to all external influence of the surrounding

$$F_{vis} = -\alpha v$$

$$-\alpha \dot{x}$$

$$v = \frac{dx}{dt} = \dot{x}$$

$$F_{net} = F_{vis} + F'$$

$$-\alpha \dot{x} + F'$$

According to Newton's 2nd law

$$F = ma$$

$$a = \frac{d^2x}{dt^2}$$

$$F = m \frac{d^2x}{dt^2} \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

$$m \frac{d^2x}{dt^2} = -\alpha \dot{x} + F' \quad \text{--- (3)}$$

Multiple both side (x)

$$m \frac{d^2x}{dt^2} = -\alpha \dot{x} x + F' x \quad \text{--- (4)}$$